## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To,
The Members of Bandhan Bank Limited

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bandhan Bank Limited ("the Bank"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Bank's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 in so far as they apply to the Bank and the Guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Bank and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial control that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Bank's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Bank's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements together with the notes thereon give the information required by the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 as well as the Companies Act, 2013, in the manner so required for the banking companies and give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Bank as at March 31, 2017, its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. The Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account have been drawn up in accordance with the provisions of Section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 read with Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.
- 2. As required sub section (3) of section 30 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and the appointment letter dated 22 August, 2016, we report that:
- (a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit and have found them to be satisfactory;
- (b) The transactions of the Bank, which have come to our notice, have been within the powers of the Bank; and
- (c) The financial accounting systems of the Bank are centralised and therefore, accounting returns for the purpose of preparing financial statements are not required to be submitted by the Bank branches; we have visited 34 branches and 28 Doorstep Service Centers (DSCs) associated with the Bank branches, for the purpose of our audit.
- 3. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Bank so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Account and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016;
- (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2017, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2017, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Bank and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 1" to this report;
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Bank does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
- ii. The Bank did not have any long-term contracts, including derivative contracts, for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Bank.
- iv. The disclosure requirement as envisaged in Notification G.S.R 308(E) dated 30th March 2017 is not applicable to the Bank Refer Note 18.30 to the financial statements

## For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004

Sd/per Amit Kabra Partner

Membership Number: 94533 Place of Signature: Gurgaon

Date: 26 April, 2017



# **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2017**

0-14-4	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Schedule		31 March 2016 (₹)
	(1)	(1)
1	10,951,410,340	10,951,410,340
2	33,513,143,577	22,393,616,202
3	232,286,578,639	120,887,480,801
4	10,289,384,196	30,516,475,970
5	15,320,387,230	12,816,016,727
	302,360,903,982	197,565,000,040
6	60,120,659,726	8,102,865,512
7	13,529,327,194	23,631,129,422
8	55,164,872,304	37,580,336,328
9	168,390,778,586	124,375,461,153
10	2,517,863,026	2,372,311,281
11	2,637,403,146	1,502,896,344
	302,360,903,982	197,565,000,040
12	236,299,515	49,018,264
	接7	<b>.</b>
17 & 18		
	1 2 3 4 5 5	(₹)  1 10,951,410,340 2 33,513,143,577 3 232,286,578,639 4 10,289,384,196 5 15,320,387,230  302,360,903,982  6 60,120,659,726 7 13,529,327,194 8 55,164,872,304 9 168,390,778,586 10 2,517,863,026 11 2,637,403,146  302,360,903,982  12 236,299,515

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

For Bandhan Bank Limited

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number :- 101049W/E300004

Sd/-

Partner

Per Amit Kabra

Membership Number: 94533

Sd/-

Chairman

Dr. A. K. Lahiri

Sd/-

Sd/-

Chandra Shekhar Ghosh

C.M. Dixit

Managing Director & CEO

Director

Sd/-

Indranil Banerjee

Sd/-

Place : Gurgaon Date : 26 April 2017 Place : Kolkata

Date : 26 April 2017

Company Secretary

Sunil Samdani

Chief Financial Officer



## PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

		Schedule	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
			(₹)	(₹)
I.	Income			
	Interest/discount on advances/bills	13	39,087,091,545	15,813,605,610
	Other Income	14	4,114,134,371	1,498,939,155
	Total		43,201,225,916	17,312,544,765
II.	Expenditure			
	Interest Expended	15	15,052,105,879	6,485,253,686
	Operating Expenses	16	10,220,049,636	6,159,175,334
For	Provisions & Contingencies	18.1	6,809,543,026	1,915,645,814
	TOTAL		32,081,698,541	14,560,074,834
III.	Net Profit for the year (I-II)		11,119,527,375	2,752,469,931
	Balance in Profit & Loss Account brought forward from		2,153,813,134	5,760,406
	previous year			
IV.	Amount available for appropriations		13,273,340,509	2,758,230,337
v.	Appropriation			
	Transfer to Statutory Reserves		2,779,881,844	689,557,584
ı	Transfer to Other Reserves			<u>.</u>
	Transfer to Government Reserve/Proposed Dividend		-	
	Transfer to Capital Reserve		9,111,289	×
	Balance carried over to Balance Sheet		10,484,347,376	2,068,672,753
	Total		13,273,340,509	2,758,230,337
VI.	Earnings per Share	10.14	10.15	0.40
	Basic & Diluted (₹)	18.14	10.15	3.40
	Face value per share (₹)		10	10
Sigi	nificant Accounting Policies and Notes to Accounts	17 & 18	· ·	
	edules referred to above form an integral part of the Profit Loss Account			

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

For Bandhan Bank Limited

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number :- 101049W/E300004

Sd/-

Sd/-

Sd/-

Sd/-

Per Amit Kabra

Dr. A. K. Lahiri

**Chandra Shekhar Ghosh** 

C.M. Dixit

Partner

Chairman

Managing Director & CEO

Director

Membership Number: 94533

Sd/-

Sd/-

Place : Gurgaon

Place : Kolkata

Indranil Banerjee

**Sunil Samdani** 

Date : 26 April 2017

Date \$ 26 April 2017

Company Secretary

Chief Financial Officer



## **CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017**

Pautiaulaus	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Particulars ——	(₹)	(₹)
A. Cash flow from Operating Activities :		
Profit Before Taxation	17,044,722,479	4,135,105,490
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation and amortization	668,520,066	357,741,556
Provision on Standard Assets	324,052,855	511,705,831
Provision for non - performing assets	514,055,262	21,304,425
Interest income on fixed deposits	(163,672)	(40,590,930
Provision for depreciation in value of investments	18,904,589	128
Provision for other contingencies	27,335,216	2章
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	3,010,690	191
Operating Profit Before Working Capital Changes	18,600,437,485	4,985,266,372
Movements in working capital :		
Increase in Advances	(44,529,372,696)	(45,779,503,128
Increase in Other Assets	(807,872,396)	(481,114,989
Decrease/(Increase) in Investment	8,288,493,924	(14,318,926,295
Increase in Deposit	111,399,097,838	120,887,480,801
Increase in Other Current Liabilities and Provisions	1,715,869,176	7,184,365,169
Cash generated from operations	94,666,653,331	72,477,567,930
Direct Taxes Paid	(5,814,716,253)	(2,981,612,838
Net Cash flows generated from Operating Activities (A)	88,851,937,078	69,495,955,092
3. Cash flow from Investing Activities :		
Purchase of Fixed Assets/Capital work-in-progress	(817,829,079)	(1,601,502,628
Sale of Fixed Assets/Capital work-in-progress	746,579	5.
Payment for Business Acquisition	-	(12,331,464,159
Interest income on fixed deposits	163,672	40,590,930
Increase in Held to Maturity Investment	(25,891,934,489)	(23,259,410,033
Deposits (created)/encashed with banks and financial institutions	(128,873)	9,967,000
Net Cash flows used in Investing Activities (B)	(26,708,982,190)	(37,141,818,890
C. Cash flow from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from share issue(Including share premium)	2	25,504,328,090
Share issue expenses	-	(13,172,266
Repayment of borrowings	(20,227,091,775)	(62,717,534,034
Net Cash flows used in Financing Activities(C)	(20,227,091,775)	(37,226,378,210
Net Decrease In Cash And Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	41,915,863,113	(4,872,242,008
Cash And Cash Equivalents At The Beginning of the year	31,731,469,934	4,000,111,272
Add: Cash Acquired on acquisition of assets and liabilities from BFSL	-	32,603,600,670
Cash And Cash Equivalents At The End of the year	73,647,333,047	31,731,469,934
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents :		
Cash and Balances with Reserve Bank of India (Refer schedule 6)	60,120,659,726	8,102,865,512
Balance with Banks and Money at call and short notice (Refer schedule 7)	13,526,673,321	23,628,604,422
	73,647,333,047	31,731,469,934

three months.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

For Bandhan Bank Limited

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number :- 101049W/E300004

Sd/-Per Amit Kabra Partner

Place: Gurgaon

Membership Number: 94533

Dr. A. K. Lahiri

Chandra Shekhar Ghosh

C.M. Dixit

Chairman

Managing Director & CEO

Director

Sd/-

Sd/-

Place: Kolkata

**Indranil Banerjee** 

**Sunil Samdani** 

Date : 26 April 2017 Date : 26 April 2017 Company Secretary Chief Financial Officer

Sch	edule 1 - Capital	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
	V V	(₹)	(₹)
	horized Capital 00,000,000 (Previous Year: 5,000,000,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
	ued, subscribed and fully paid-up capital 05,141,034 (Previous Year: 1,095,141,034) Equity Share of ₹ 10/- each	10,951,410,340	10,951,410,340
	Total	10,951,410,340	10,951,410,340
Sch	edule 2 - Reserves & Surplus	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
		(₹)	(₹)
	Statutory Reserve Opening Balance	600 EE7 E04	
	Additions during the year	689,557,584 2,779,881,844	689,557,584
	Deduction during the year	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	5057567766 . Se:
	Total	3,469,439,428	689,557,584
	Capital Reserve		
•	Opening Balance	· ·	32°
	Additions during the year *	9,111,289	-
	Deduction during the year	95	4,88
	Total	9,111,289	
ű.	Share Premium Account		
	Opening Balance	19,550,245,484	
	Additions during the year	( <del>-</del>	19,563,417,750
	Less: Share issue expenses	-	13,172,266
	Total	19,550,245,484	19,550,245,484
٧.	Revenue & other Reserves		
	Opening Balance	•	~
	Additions during the year  Deduction during the year	12	-
	Total	w.	
/	Balance in Profit and Loss Account	10,484,347,376	2,068,672,753
	Adjustment on acquisition of assets & liabilities from Bandhan Financial	20,101,010	(163,976,45
	Services Ltd.		
	Adjustment for deferred tax assets on standard assets provision acquired form Bandhan Financial Services Ltd.	-	249,116,836
	Total	10,484,347,376	2,153,813,134
_	GRAND TOTAL (I+II+III+IV+V)	33,513,143,577	22,393,616,202

	DHAN BANK LIMITED		
Sche	dules forming part of the Balance sheet as at 31 March, 2017		
Sche	dule 3 - Deposits	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
		(₹)	(₹)
Α.	I. Demand Deposits		
	i) From Banks	394,636,214	54,781,441
	ii) From Others	14,131,527,882	2,290,720,526
	II. Savings Bank Deposits	53,847,203,138	23,710,504,093
	III. Term Deposits		
	i) From Banks	23,085,912,002	41,685,761,791
	ii) From Others	140,827,299,403	53,145,712,950
	Total	232,286,578,639	120,887,480,801
В.	l. Deposits of branches in India	232,286,578,639	120,887,480,801
	II. Deposits of branches outside India	(#)	₩:
	Total	232,286,578,639	120,887,480,801
		As at	As at
Sche	dule 4 - Borrowings	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	For micro loans, provision for NPAs have been provided at rates whi	(₹)	(₹)
	Borrowings in India	(\)	(1)
	i) Reserve Bank of India	12	_
	ii) Other banks	4,656,481,277	20,147,509,302
	iii) Other Institutions & agencies *	5,632,902,919	10,368,966,668
II.	Borrowings outside India	S.	-
	Total	10,289,384,196	30,516,475,970
	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above	5,189,384,194	22,749,809,302
		5,189,384,194	22,749,809,302
*	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt (1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.	<b>5,189,384,194</b> of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previ	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at
*	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of	5,189,384,194  of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previ  As at  31 March 2017	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at 31 March 2016
*	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt (1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.	<b>5,189,384,194</b> of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previ	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at
* Sche	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt (1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.	5,189,384,194  of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previ  As at  31 March 2017	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at 31 March 2016
* Sche	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Edule 5 - Other liabilities and provisions	5,189,384,194  of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previ  As at  31 March 2017	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at 31 March 2016
* Sche	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Edule 5 - Other liabilities and provisions  Bills Payable	5,189,384,194  of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previ  As at  31 March 2017	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at 31 March 2016
* Sche	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Edule 5 - Other liabilities and provisions  Bills Payable Inter-office Adjustments(Net) Interest accrued	5,189,384,194 of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previous As at 31 March 2017 (₹)	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at 31 March 2016  (₹)  240,388,077
* Sche I. II. III. IV.	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Edule 5 - Other liabilities and provisions  Bills Payable Inter-office Adjustments(Net) Interest accrued Contingent Provision against Standard Assets	5,189,384,194  of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previous As at 31 March 2017  (₹)  137,125,010 1,555,583,108	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at  31 March 2016  (₹)  240,388,077 1,231,530,253
* Sche I. II. III. IV.	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Edule 5 - Other liabilities and provisions  Bills Payable Inter-office Adjustments(Net) Interest accrued Contingent Provision against Standard Assets Provision for Income Tax	5,189,384,194  of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previous As at 31 March 2017  (₹)  137,125,010 1,555,583,108 562,330,992	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at  31 March 2016  (₹)  240,388,077 1,231,530,253 158,887,364
* Sche I. II. III. IV.	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Edule 5 - Other liabilities and provisions  Bills Payable Inter-office Adjustments(Net) Interest accrued Contingent Provision against Standard Assets	5,189,384,194  of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previous As at 31 March 2017  (₹)  137,125,010 1,555,583,108	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at  31 March 2016  (₹)  240,388,077 1,231,530,253
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* Sche I. II. III. IV. V.	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Secured 5 - Other liabilities and provisions  Bills Payable Inter-office Adjustments(Net) Interest accrued Contingent Provision against Standard Assets Provision for Income Tax Others [Including ₹ 9,239,035,031(Previous Year: ₹ 6,398,638,362) payable for IBPC transactions (Refer note No 18.28)]	5,189,384,194 of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previous As at 31 March 2017 (₹)  137,125,010 1,555,583,108 562,330,992 13,065,348,120  As at	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at  31 March 2016  (₹)  240,388,077 1,231,530,253 158,887,364 11,185,211,033  12,816,016,727  As at
* Sche I. II. III. IV. V. VI.	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Edule 5 - Other liabilities and provisions  Bills Payable Inter-office Adjustments(Net) Interest accrued Contingent Provision against Standard Assets Provision for Income Tax Others [Including ₹ 9,239,035,031(Previous Year: ₹ 6,398,638,362) payable for IBPC transactions (Refer note No 18.28)]  Total	5,189,384,194  of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previous As at 31 March 2017 (₹)  137,125,010 1,555,583,108 562,330,992 13,065,348,120  15,320,387,230	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at  31 March 2016  (₹)  240,388,077 1,231,530,253 158,887,364 11,185,211,033  12,816,016,727
* Sche	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Edule 5 - Other liabilities and provisions  Bills Payable Inter-office Adjustments(Net) Interest accrued Contingent Provision against Standard Assets Provision for Income Tax Others [Including ₹ 9,239,035,031(Previous Year: ₹ 6,398,638,362) payable for IBPC transactions (Refer note No 18.28)]  Total	5,189,384,194  of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previous As at 31 March 2017  (₹)  137,125,010 1,555,583,108 562,330,992 13,065,348,120  As at 31 March 2017  (₹)	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at  31 March 2016  (₹)  240,388,077 1,231,530,253 158,887,364 11,185,211,033  12,816,016,727  As at 31 March 2016  (₹)
* Sche I. II. IV. VV. VI.	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Bills Payable Inter-office Adjustments(Net) Interest accrued Contingent Provision against Standard Assets Provision for Income Tax Others [Including ₹ 9,239,035,031(Previous Year: ₹ 6,398,638,362) payable for IBPC transactions (Refer note No 18.28)]  Total  Edule 6 - Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	5,189,384,194  of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previous As at 31 March 2017  (₹)  137,125,010 1,555,583,108 562,330,992 13,065,348,120  As at 31 March 2017	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at  31 March 2016  (₹)  240,388,077 1,231,530,253 158,887,364 11,185,211,033  12,816,016,727  As at 31 March 2016
* Sche I. II. IV. VV. VI.	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Include 5 - Other liabilities and provisions  Bills Payable Inter-office Adjustments(Net) Interest accrued Contingent Provision against Standard Assets Provision for Income Tax Others [Including ₹ 9,239,035,031(Previous Year: ₹ 6,398,638,362) payable for IBPC transactions (Refer note No 18.28)]  Total  Cash In hand Balance with Reserve Bank of India	5,189,384,194 of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previous As at 31 March 2017 (₹)  137,125,010 1,555,583,108 562,330,992 13,065,348,120  As at 31 March 2017 (₹)  2,021,888,049	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at  31 March 2016  (₹)  240,388,077 1,231,530,253 158,887,364 11,185,211,033  12,816,016,727  As at 31 March 2016  (₹)  847,803,201
* Sche I. II. IV. V. VI. Sche	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Bills Payable Inter-office Adjustments(Net) Interest accrued Contingent Provision against Standard Assets Provision for Income Tax Others [Including ₹ 9,239,035,031(Previous Year: ₹ 6,398,638,362) payable for IBPC transactions (Refer note No 18.28)]  Total  Edule 6 - Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	5,189,384,194  of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previous As at 31 March 2017  (₹)  137,125,010 1,555,583,108 562,330,992 13,065,348,120  As at 31 March 2017  (₹)	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at  31 March 2016  (₹)  240,388,077 1,231,530,253 158,887,364 11,185,211,033  12,816,016,727  As at 31 March 2016  (₹)
* Sche I. II. IV. V. VI. Sche	Secured borrowings included in I(ii & iii) above Borrowings from other institutions and agencies includes Subordinated Debt of 1,600,000,000) in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures.  Redule 5 - Other liabilities and provisions  Bills Payable Inter-office Adjustments(Net) Interest accrued Contingent Provision against Standard Assets Provision for Income Tax Others [Including ₹ 9,239,035,031(Previous Year: ₹ 6,398,638,362) payable for IBPC transactions (Refer note No 18.28)]  Total  Cash In hand Balance with Reserve Bank of India i) In Current Account	5,189,384,194 of ₹ 1,600,000,000 (Previous As at 31 March 2017 (₹)  137,125,010 1,555,583,108 562,330,992 13,065,348,120  As at 31 March 2017 (₹)  2,021,888,049 8,948,771,677	22,749,809,302 ious Year: ₹  As at  31 March 2016  (₹)  240,388,077 1,231,530,253 158,887,364 11,185,211,033  12,816,016,727  As at 31 March 2016  (₹)  847,803,201 4,005,062,311

	NDHAN BANK LIMITED edules forming part of the Balance sheet as at 31 March, 2017		
Sch	edule 7 - Balances with Banks and Money at call and short notice	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
<b>I.</b> i)	In India Balance with Banks a) In Current Account b) In Other Deposit Accounts	(₹) 3,967,386,911 2,653,873	(₹) 1,746,430,199 2,525,000
ii)	Money at call & short notice a) With banks b) With other institutions	9,559,286,410	1,000,000,000 20,882,174,223
II.	Total Outside India	13,529,327,194	23,631,129,422
-	Total GRAND TOTAL (I+II)	- 13,529,327,194	23,631,129,422
Sch	edule 8 - Investments	As at 31 March 2017 (₹)	As at 31 March 2016 (₹)
I.	Investment in India in i) Government Securities ii) Other Approved Securities iii) Shares iv) Debentures & Bonds v) Subsidiaries and /or joint ventures vi) Others	55,181,776,893 - 2,000,000 - - -	37,578,336,328 - 2,000,000 - - -
	Total	55,183,776,893	37,580,336,328
	Less- Provision for Depreciation on Investment	18,904,589	-
	Total	55,164,872,304	37,580,336,328
<u>II.</u>	Investments outside India  Total  GRAND TOTAL (I+II)	55,164,872,304	37,580,336,328
Sch	nedule 9 - Advances	As at 31 March 2017 (₹)	As at 31 March 2016 (₹)
A.	<ul> <li>i) Bills Purchased &amp; Discounted</li> <li>ii) Cash credits, overdrafts and loans repayable on demand</li> <li>iii) Term loans *</li> </ul>	3,444,837,255 164,945,941,331	846,014,221 123,529,446,932
	* Net of loans outstanding under Inter bank participation certificate ₹ 66,76 assignment ₹ 30,258,719 (Previous Year: ₹ 5,722,210,225)	<b>168,390,778,586</b> 60,964,969(Previous Year:	<b>124,375,461,153</b> ₹ 25,601,361,638) and
В.	<ul> <li>i) Secured by tangible assets (Including Advances against book debts)</li> <li>ii) Covered by Bank/Government Guarantees</li> <li>iii) Unsecured</li> </ul>	148,706,087,719 - 19,684,690,867	32,694,078,690 - 91,681,382,463
	Total	168,390,778,586	124,375,461,153
c.	i) Advances in India i) Priority Sector ii) Public Sector iii) Banks iv) Others	164,316,171,187 - - - 4,074,607,399	122,603,521,363 - - - 1,771,939,790
-	Total	168,390,778,586	124,375,461,153
	II) Advances Outside India	**************************************	
,	Total GRAND TOTAL (I+II)	168,390,778,586	124,375,461,153

Schedules forming part of the Balance sheet as at 31 March, 2017		
Schedule 10 - Fixed Assets	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
	(₹)	(₹)
I) Premises		
Gross Block	000 055 740	
At cost as at 31 March of the preceding year	989,255,742	000 255 742
Addition during the Year  Deduction during the Year	241,118,396 2,595,822	989,255,742
Deduction during the real	2,393,622	9. <del>-</del>
Total	1,227,778,316	989,255,742
Depreciation	F0 1F7 021	
As at the beginning of the Year	58,157,931	E0 157 021
Charge for the year  Deduction during the Year	222,408,043 386,693	58,157,931
Depreciation to date	280,179,281	58,157,931
Depression to date	200,270,202	00,200,000
Net Block	947,599,035	931,097,811
II) Other Fixed Assets (Including Furniture & Fixture) Gross Block		
At cost as at 31 March of the preceding year	1,736,040,019	1,322,363
Addition during the Year	581,561,070	1,734,717,656
Deduction during the Year	1,949,384	
Total	2,315,651,705	1,736,040,019
Depreciation	=======================================	_,,,
As at the beginning of the Year	299,630,281	46,653
Charge for the year	446,112,023	299,583,628
Deduction during the Year	354,590	<u>?#)</u>
Depreciation to date	745,387,714	299,630,281
Net Block	1,570,263,991	1,436,409,738
III) Capital Work-in-progress (including capital advances)	#\frac{1}{2}	4,803,732
GRAND TOTAL (I+II+III)	2,517,863,026	2,372,311,281
Schedule 11 - Other Assets	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
	(₹)	(₹)
	•	
i) Inter Office adjustment (Net)	-	
II) Interest Accrued	892,508,300	756,738,490
III) Stationery and stamps IV) Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	<u>-</u>	7,158
<ul><li>IV) Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims</li><li>V) Others *</li></ul>	1,744,894,846	746,150,696
Total	2,637,403,146	1,502,896,344
* Includes Deferred Tax Assets of ₹ 914,643,658 (Previous Year: ₹ 587,972,0		
	As at	As at
Schedule 12 - Contingent liabilities	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
Claims against the Bank not acknowledged as debts	526,170	262,000
II) Liability for partly paid investments	320,170	202,000
III) Liability on account of outstanding forward exchange contracts	=	-
IV) Guarantees given on behalf of constituents	€	
(a) In India	47,092,728	3,110,000
(b) Outside India		-
V) Acceptances, endorsements and other obligations	÷.	¥
VI) Other items-Capital Commitments	188,680,617	45,646,264
Total	236,299,515	49,018,264

Schedule 13 - Interest/discount on advances/bills	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
	(₹)	(₹)
<del></del>		
Interest/discount on advances/bills	31,214,242,133	12,827,887,030
II) Income on investments	4,280,501,113	1,311,987,632
(III) Interest on balances with Reserve Bank of India and other inter-bank funds	790,297,918	566,670,467
IV) Others (Includes gain on assignment /IBPC)	2,802,050,381	1,107,060,48
Total	39,087,091,545	15,813,605,610
	Year ended	Year ended
Schedule 14 - Other Income	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	(₹)	(₹)
I) Commission eychange and brokerage	3,204,142,023	1,454,212,570
I) Commission, exchange and brokerage II) Profit/(Loss) on sale of investments (net)	216,774,963	20,060,17
III) Profit/(Loss) on sale of fixed assets	210,774,503	20,000,17
IV) Profit on exchange/derivative transactions	-	-
V) Income earned by way of dividends etc. from subsidiaries/companies		20
and/or joint venture abroad/in India		
VI) Miscellaneous income	693,217,385	24,666,41
Total	4,114,134,371	1,498,939,15
	Year ended	Year ended
Schedule 15 - Interest Expended	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	(₹)	(₹)
I) Interest on deposits	12,910,788,037	2,210,257,59
II) Interest on Reserve Bank of India/Inter-bank borrowings	1,588,098,827	3,508,323,41
III) Others	553,219,015	766,672,67
Total	15,052,105,879	6,485,253,686
	Year ended	Year ended
Schedule 16 - Operating Expenses	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	(₹)	(₹)
Payments to and provisions for employees	5,455,693,847	3,250,748,75
II) Rent, taxes and lighting	946,680,392	532,422,24
III) Printing and stationery	204,109,188	313,949,97
IV) Advertisement and publicity	252,106,859	341,698,95
V) Depreciation on bank's property	668,520,066	357,741,55
	7,992,493	4,658,38
VI) Directors rees, allowance and expenses	8,644,602	5,690,62
,	9,011,273	6,956,85
VII) Auditors' fees and expenses		122,366,82
VII) Auditors' fees and expenses VIII) Law charges	225,597,530	122,000,02
VII) Auditors' fees and expenses VIII) Law charges IX) Postage, telegrams, telephones etc.	9,375,930	
VII) Auditors' fees and expenses VIII) Law charges IX) Postage, telegrams, telephones etc.	9,375,930 65,434,257	1,253,35 29,839,20
VII) Auditors' fees and expenses VIII) Law charges IX) Postage, telegrams, telephones etc. X) Repairs and maintenance	9,375,930	1,253,35

Schedule 17 – Significant accounting policies forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

#### 1. Background

Bandhan Bank Limited (the 'Bank'), incorporated on 23 December 2014 in India, is a banking company, governed by the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

Pursuant to the Banking license received from Reserve Bank of India on 17 June 2015, the Bank has commenced its banking operations from 23 August 2015.

## 2. Basis of preparation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and on the accrual basis of accounting, unless otherwise stated and comply with the requirements prescribed under the Third Schedule (Form A and Form B) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The accounting and reporting policies of the Bank used in the preparation of these financial statements conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India ('Indian GAAP'), the guidelines issued by RBI from time to time, the accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 and the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 to the extent applicable and practices generally prevalent in the banking industry in India.

#### 3. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as at the date of the financial statements and the reported income and expenses during the reporting period. The Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Any revisions to the accounting estimates are recognised prospectively in the current and future periods. Actual results could differ from estimates.

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 4.1 Revenue Recognition

Interest income is recognised in the profit and loss account on an accrual basis, except in the case of interest on non-performing assets, which is recognised as income on realisation, as per the income recognition and asset classification norms of RBI.

Profit or Loss on sale of investments is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account. However, the profit on sale of investments in 'Held to Maturity' category is appropriated (net of applicable taxes and amount required to be transferred to statutory reserve) to 'Capital Reserve Account'.

Income on discounted instruments is recognised over the tenure of the instrument on a constant yield basis.

Dividend is accounted on an accrual basis when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Loan processing fees is accounted for upfront when it becomes due.

All fees from deposit accounts are accounted for as and when they are due and realised.

All other fees are accounted for as and when they become due.

#### 4.2. Investments

## A) Classification

Investments are classified into three categories, viz. Held to Maturity (HTM), Available for Sale (AFS) and Held for Trading (HFT) at the time of purchase.

## Basis of classification:

Investments that the Bank intends to hold till maturity are classified as "Held to Maturity (HTM)".

Investments that are held principally for sale within 90 days from the date of purchase are classified as "Held for Trading (HFT)".

Investments, which are not classified in any of the above two categories, are classified as "Available for Sale (AFS)" investments.

However, for disclosure in the Balance Sheet, investments in India are classified under six categories Government Securities, Other approved securities, Shares, Debentures and Bonds, Investment in Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures and Others.

An investment is classified as HTM, HFT or AFS at the time of its purchase and subsequent shifting amongst categories is done in conformity with regulatory guidelines.

Investments are classified as performing or non-performing as per RBI guidelines. Non performing investments are subjected to similar income recognition and provisioning norms as prescribed by RBI for non-performing advances.

Schedule 17 – Significant accounting policies forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

#### B) Valuation

Broken period interest and costs such as brokerage paid at the time of acquisition of the security are charged to Profit and Loss account. Cost of investments is computed on weighted average cost method.

Investments marked as AFS and HFT are marked-to-market on a periodic basis as per relevant RBI guidelines. The securities are valued scrip-wise and depreciation /appreciation is aggregated for each category. Net appreciation in each category, if any, is ignored, while net depreciation is provided for. The book value of individual securities is not changed consequent to the periodic valuation of investments.

'Held to Maturity' securities is carried at their acquisition cost or at amortised cost if acquired at a premium over the face value. Any premium paid on acquisition, over the face value, is amortised over the remaining period of maturity by applying constant yield method. Where in the opinion of the management, a diminution, other than temporary in the value of investments classified under HTM has taken place, suitable provisions are made.

Treasury bills being discounted instruments are valued at current cost.

Quoted investments are valued at traded/quoted price available from recognized stock exchanges, subsidiary general ledgers account transactions, price list of RBI, or prices declared by Primary Dealers Association of India ("PDAI") jointly with Fixed Income Money Market and Derivatives Association ("FIMMDA") as at the balance sheet date. The market/fair value of unquoted government securities which are in the nature of statutory liquidity ratio(SLR) securities included in the 'Available for Sale' and 'Held for trading' categories is valued as per the rate published by the FIMMDA.

Unquoted equity shares are valued at the break-up value, if the latest Balance Sheet is available or at Re.1 as per the RBI quidelines.

Transfer of securities between categories of investments is accounted as per the RBI Guidelines

Repurchase ('repo') and reverse repurchase ('reverse repo') transactions including liquidity adjustment facility (with RBI) are accounted for as borrowing and lending transactions. Accordingly, securities given as collateral under an agreement to repurchase them continue to be held under the investment account of the Bank and the Bank would continue to accrue the coupon/discount on the security during the repo period. Also, the Bank continues to value the securities sold under repo as per the investment classification of the security. The difference between the clean price of the first leg and clean price of the second leg is recognized as interest income/expense over the period of the transaction in the profit and loss account

#### 4.3 Loans / Advances and Provisions thereon

Advances are classified into performing and non-performing advances ('NPAs') as per the RBI guidelines and are stated net of specific provisions made towards NPAs. Further, NPAs are classified into sub-standard, doubtful and loss assets based on the criteria stipulated by the RBI. Provisions for NPAs other than micro lending portfolio are made for sub-standard and doubtful assets at rates as prescribed by the RBI.

The Micro Loans Granted for ₹ 25,000 or more are considered as secured loans as the underlying loan agreements include a clause of hypothecation whereby all movable goods procured from time to time from the proceeds of loan are hypothecated in favour of the Bank by way of a first and exclusive charge.

Amounts recovered against debts written off in earlier years are recognised in the profit and loss account as credit to Miscellaneous Income under the head 'Other Income'

The Bank maintains general provision on standard advances as prescribed by RBI. In case of micro lending portfolio(original disbursed amount of ₹ 100,000 or less), a general provision on standard advances is maintained at 1% which is higher than the minimum provisioning requirement as specified in the RBI guidelines. Provision made against standard assets is included in "Other liabilities & provisions".

For micro loans, provision for NPAs have been provided at rates which are higher than the minimum rates prescribed by RBI. In case of sub standard assets the rate is 25% and for doubtful and loss assets the rate is 100%.

In case of non-performing micro lending portfolio, where 30 days have elapsed from the completion of loan tenure, the Bank is making 100% provision.

Non-performing loans, which have been fully provided for, are written off as per Management estimates.

## 4.4 Inter Bank Participation Certificate

The Bank enters into Inter Bank Participation with risk sharing as issuing Bank and the aggregate amount of participation are reduced form the aggregate advance outstanding.

Gain on IBPC is the excess of income earned on the participation pool and interest paid to the participation amount. Interest Income and expense are recognised on accrual basis.

## 4.5 Tangible Assets

All fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Asset under development as at the balance sheet date are shown as Capital Work in Progress. Advance paid towards such development are shown as capital advance.

## 4.6 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Schedule 17 - Significant accounting policies forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

#### 4.7 Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on straight line basis as per the life prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, which is in accordance with management estimate of the useful life of the underlying assets.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over a period of three years.

Softwares are amortised over a period of three years.

#### 4.8 Impairment

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognised wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount which is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the asset over its remaining useful life.

## 4.9 Foreign Currency transactions

All transactions in foreign currency are recognised at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the exchange rate prevailing at the Balance Sheet date.

Non-monetary items which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of transaction. Non-monetary items, which are measured at fair value or others similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date when such value was determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on reporting such monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognised as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

## 4.10 Retirement and employee benefits

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Bank has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Bank recognises contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as expenditure, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognised as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognised as an asset.

Gratuity liability is a defined benefit obligation and is provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method made at the end of each financial year.

Long term Compensated absences are provided for based on actuarial valuation which is done as per projected unit credit method at the end of each financial year. Short term Compensated absences are provided for based on estimates of encashment / availment of

Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to the profit and loss account and are not deferred.

#### 4.11 Income Taxes

Tax expenses comprises current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Deferred income taxes reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years.

Deferred Tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. If the Bank has carried forward unabsorbed depreciation and tax losses, all deferred tax assets is recognised only to the extent that there is a virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient taxable income will be available in future against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

At each reporting date, the Bank re-assesses unrecognised deferred tax assets. It recognises unrecognised deferred tax assets to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

The carrying amounts of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The Bank writes down the carrying amount of deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realised. Any such write down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

Schedule 17 - Significant accounting policies forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

#### 4.12 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss after tax for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per equity share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding during the period, except where the results are anti-dilutive.

#### 4.13 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

A provision is recognized when the Bank has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Bank or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Bank does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements.

#### 4.14 Leases

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased items are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### 4.15 Cash and Cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, balances with RBI, balances with other banks and money at call and short notice.

18.1

# Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

The following disclosures have been made taking into account the requirements of Accounting Standards (ASs) and Reserve Bank of India (RBI) guidelines in this regard.

(₹ in crore)

"Provisions & Contingencies" recognised in the Profit & Loss Account comprise:	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
Provision for Income Tax		
-Current Tax	625.18	169.54
-Deferred tax (Refer Note No. 18.12)	(32.66)	(31.28)
Total Tax Expenses	592.52	138.26
Provision for Standard assets	32.41	51.17
Provision for non-performing assets [Includes bad debts written off ₹ 31.19 crore (Previous Year: Nil)]	47.75	2.13
Provision for depreciation in value of investments	1.89	-
Provision for restructured assets	-	-
Provision for unhedged foreign currency exposure	*	-
Provision for country risk	<b>3</b>	
Provision for other contingencies	6.39	-
Total	680.96	191.56

# 18.2 The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank, calculated as per the RBI guidelines (under Basel III) is set out below:

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Capital adequacy (%)		
Common Equity Tier 1 (%)	24.77	26.72
Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	24.77	26.72
Tier 2 capital ratio (%)	1.59	2.29
CRAR (%)	26.36	29.01
Amount of equity capital raised (including share premium)		2,550.43
Amount of additional Tier I capital raised of which:	181	
Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (PNCPS)	140	2
Perpetual Debt Instruments (PDI)	·	*
Amount of Tier II capital raised of which:	:#:	. <del></del>
Debt capital instrument*	-	160
Preferential capital instrument	· ·	
Shares (PCPS)/Redeemable Non-Cumulative Preference Shares (RNCPS)/Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares	200	<b>3</b> 7

<sup>\*</sup> Acquired from Bandhan Financial Services Ltd.

The Bank has not redeemed any subordinated debt during the year ended 31 March, 2017 (Previous Year: Nil )

# 18.3 Investments

## A) The Details of investments are set out below:

As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
5,518.38	3,758.03
-	*
1.89	(*)
2	141
=	173
=	:*:
5,516.49	3,758.03
Ē	•
	31 March 2017 5,518.38 - 1.89 - 5,516.49

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

(2) Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments:

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Opening balance	.π	7.
Add: Provisions made during the year	1.89	
Less: Write-offs/write-back of excess provisions during the year	=	
Closing balance	1.89	-

For micro loans, provision for NPAs have been provided at rates which are higher than the minimum rates prescribed by RBI. I

B) Repo Transactions (in face value terms)

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Minimum outstanding during the year	Maximum outstanding during the year	Daily Average outstanding during the year	Outstanding as on 31 March , 2017
Securities sold under Repo				
: Coursement acquilities	( <del>f</del> e	1240	6.03	51.8
i. Government securities	78	(1.04)	245	#
ii. Corporate debt securities	19	20	27	-
		-	<b>3</b> 0	
Securities purchased under reverse repo				
	*	5,710.88	1,194.76	5,710.88
i. Government securities	3	(4,362.80)	(903.08)	(338.00)
ii. Corporate debt securities	5		323	(8/
	=	[e:	( <del>±</del> )	; <del>,</del>

C) Non SLR Investment Portfolio

) Issuer composition of Non SLR investments				(₹ in crore)	
Issuer	Amount	Extent of Private Placement	Extent of `Below Investment Grade' Securities	Extent of 'Unrated' Securities	Extent of 'Unlisted' Securities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
(i) Public Sector Units		Ē		*	3
(1) Fublic Sector Offics	=	= =	=	- 55	
(ii) Financial Institutions		-	-	941	*
(iii) Banks	-	_	_	-	
	0.20			0.20	0.20
(iv) Private Corporates	(0.20)	- 4	<u> </u>	(0.20)	(0.20)
(v) Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures				A®	270.
(vi) Others	41	_	-		191
(vii) Provision held towards					
depreciation	<u> </u>		-	7:	
Total	0.20	: <del>**</del>	-	0.20	0.20
	(0.20)	740	-	(0.20)	(0.20)

Amounts reported under columns (3), (4), (5) and (6) above are not mutually exclusive.

Previous year figures are shown in"()".

#### ii) Non performing Non-SLR investments

The Bank does not have any Non performing Non-SLR investment as on 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016.

## D) Sale and transfers of Securities to / from HTM Category

The Bank has not sold and transferred securities to or from HTM category exceeding 5% of the book value of investment held in HTM category at the beginning of the year. The 5% threshold referred to above does not include onetime transfer of securities to/from HTM category with the approval of Board of Directors permitted to be undertaken by banks as per extant RBI guidelines, sale of securities under pre-announced Open Market Operation (OMO) auction to the RBI and sale of securities or transfer to AFS / HFT consequent to the reduction of ceiling on SLR securities under HTM.

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

#### 18.4 Derivatives

The Bank has not entered into any derivative transaction during the current and previous year.

## 18.5 Asset Quality

## A) Non Performing Assets

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
i) Net NPAs to Net Advances (%)	0.36%	0.08%
ii) Movement of NPAs (Gross)		
a) Opening balance	18.77	*
b) Additions during the year	103.37	18.77
<ul> <li>c) Reductions during the year[Includes bad debts written off ₹ 31.19 crore (Previous Year: Nil)]</li> </ul>	(35.88)	<u> </u>
d) Closing balance	86.26	18.77
iii) Movement of Net NPAs		
a) Opening balance	10.24	-
b) Additions during the year	54.64	10.24
c) Reductions during the year	(3.71)	-
d) Closing balance	61.17	10.24
iv) Movement of provisions for NPAs (excluding provisions on standard assets)		
a) Opening balance	8.53	#3
b) Provisions made during the year*	48.73	8.53
c) Provision utilised for Write-off / write-back of excess provisions	(32.17)	
d) Closing balance	25.09	8.53

<sup>\*</sup> Includes provision of ₹ 15.18 crore (Previous Year: Nil) on non-performing micro lending portfolio, where 30 days have elapsed from the date of completion of tenure of loan. The Bank has adopted a policy to make 100% provision on such cases at 31 March 2017.

## B) Particulars of accounts restructured

The Bank does not have any restructured account as at and for the year ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016

## C) Details of Financial Assets sold to Securitisation / Reconstruction company for Reconstruction

The Bank did not sell any Financial Assets to Securitisation / Reconstruction company for Reconstruction during the current and previous year.

## D) Details of Non Performing Financial Assets Purchased / Sold

The Bank did not purchase/sell any Non Performing Financial Assets during the current and previous year.

## E) Provisions on Standard Assets

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Provisions towards Standard Assets	155.56	123.15

F) Disclosure on Advances

Disclosure of Advances		
Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Gross Advances (Including IBPC/Assignment)	23,543.29	15,578.44
Less: Managed Advance (IBPC/Assignment)	6,679.12	3,132.36
Gross Advances (Excluding IBPC/Assignment)	16,864.17	12,446.08
Less: Provision on NPA	25.09	8.53
Net Advances (Refer Schedule 9)	16,839.08	12,437.55

# G) Disclosure of Divergence in Asset Classification and Provisioning for NPAs- (ref DBR.BP.BC.No.63/21.04.018/2016-17 dated April 18, 2017)

SL. No.	Particulars	
1	Gross NPAs as on March 31, 2016 as reported by the bank	18.77
2	Gross NPAs as on March 31, 2016 as assessed by RBI	18.77
3	Divergence in Gross NPAs (2-1)	(a)
4	Net NPAs as on March 31, 2016 as reported by the bank	10.24
5	Net NPAs as on March 31, 2016 as assessed by RBI	10.24
6	Divergence in Net NPAs (5-4)	
7	Provisions for NPAs as on March 31, 2016 as reported by the bank	8.53
8	Provisions for NPAs as on March 31, 2016 as assessed by RBI	8.53
9	Divergence in provisioning (8-7)	//ES
10	Reported Net Profit after Tax (PAT) for the year ended March 31, 2016	275.25
11	Adjusted (notional) Net Profit after Tax (PAT) for the year ended March 31, 2016 after taking into account the divergence in provisioning	275.25

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

# 18.6 The key business ratios and other information is set out below:

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Interest income as a percentage to working funds <sup>1</sup>	15.67%	10.77%
Non-interest income as a percentage to working funds <sup>1</sup>	1.65%	1.02%
Operating profit as a percentage to working funds 1,2	7.19%	3.18%
Return on assets <sup>1</sup>	4.46%	1.88%
Profit per employee (₹ in crore) <sup>3</sup>	0.05	0.01
Business (deposits less inter-bank deposits plus advances) per employee (₹ in crore) <sup>3</sup>	1.70	1.03

- 1. Working funds represent average of total assets as reported to Reserve Bank of India in Form X under Section 27 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, during the year.
- 2. Operating profit is profit for the year before considering provisions and contingencies.
- 3. Productivity ratios are based on average number of employees for the year.

## 18.7 Exposures

# A) Exposure to Real Estate Sector

(₹ in crore)

Category	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
a) Direct exposure		
<ul><li>(i) Residential Mortgages - represents lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented.</li></ul>	64.82	5.11
(ii) Commercial Real Estate	:±:	<b>9</b> )
(iii) Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitised exposures –		
1. Residential		
2. Commercial Real Estate	a#:	j <b>=</b> 3
b) Indirect exposure	20	
Fund based and non-fund based exposures on National Housing Bank (NHB) and Housing Finance Companies (HFCs).	(#)	(#)
Total Exposure to Real Estate Sector	64.82	5.11

# B) Exposure to Capital Market

Category	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Direct investments in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt	0.20	0.20
Advances against shares/bonds/debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs/ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds	::=	*
Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity-oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security	82	8
Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity-oriented mutual funds i.e. where primary security other than shares/convertible bonds/convertible debentures/units of equity-oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances	X=	<b>:=</b> (
Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers	Nec	(#)
Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares/ bonds/debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources		Œ
Bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows/issues	CHE	3=
Underwriting commitments taken up in respect of primary issue of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity-oriented mutual funds		
Financing to stock brokers for margin trading	H	·
All exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered)	-	UE/
Total Exposure to Capital Market	0.20	0.20

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

# C) Details of Single Borrower Limit (SGL) / Group Borrower Limit (GBL) exceeded by the Bank

During the year ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016, the Bank's credit exposure to single borrower and group borrowers was within the prudential exposure limits prescribed by RBI.

## D) Unsecured Advances against Intangible Collaterals

During the year ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016, there are no unsecured advances for which intangible securities such as charge over the rights, licenses, authority etc. has been taken as collateral by the Bank.

#### 18.8 Miscellaneous

## Disclosure of penalties imposed by RBI

No penalty has been levied on the Bank by RBI during the current and previous year.

#### 18.9 Employee Benefits

## A) Gratuity

The Bank has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service is eligible for gratuity on departure and it is computed at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service. The scheme is funded with an insurance company in the form of qualifying insurance policy.

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognised in the profit and loss account and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the Gratuity plan.

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
i) Table Showing changes in present value of Defined Benefit obligation:		
Present value of defined benefit obligations as at beginning of the year	21.52	13.25
Interest cost	1.61	1.06
Current service cost	7.38	5.16
Benefit Paid	· ·	0.03
Actuarial loss on obligations	2.48	2.08
Present value of defined benefit obligations as at end of the year	32.99	21.52
ii) Table showing fair value of plan assets:		
Fair value of plan assets as at beginning of the year	15.89	7.20
Expected return on plan assets	1.29	0.70
Contributions paid		7.07
Benefits Paid	- '	0.03
Acquisition Adjustment	- 1	1.00
Actuarial gain on plan assets	0.84	0.05
Fair value of plan assets at end of the year	16.34	15.89
iii) Actuarial (Gain)/Loss recognised:		
Actuarial loss on obligations	2.48	2.08
Actuarial gain for the year-Plan assets.	(0.84)	(0.05)
Actuarial loss recognised in the year	3.32	2.13
<li>iv) The amounts to be recognised in the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account:</li>		
Present value of obligations at the end of the year	32.99	21.52
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	16.34	15.89
Net liability recognised in balance sheet	16.65	5.63
v) Expenses Recognised in Profit and Loss Account:		
Current Service Cost	7.38	5.16
Interest Cost	1.61	1.06
Expected return	1.29	0.70
Net Actuarial loss recognised in the year	3.32	2.13
Expenses recognised in profit and loss account	11.02	7.65
Actual return on plan assets	2.13	0.75
vi) The Principal assumptions used in the actuarial valuation are shown below :		
Discount Rate	7.50%	8.00%
Salary Escalation	8.00%	8.00%
Withdrawal Rate	7.00%	7.00%
Expected rate of return on assets	8.11%	8.50%

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

(₹ in crore)

vii) Amounts for the current and previous year are as follows: [Refer note (ix) below]	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
a) Defined Benefit Obligations	32.99	21.52
b) Plan Assets	16.34	15.89
c) Deficit	(16.65)	(5.63)
d) Experience adjustments on plan liabilities [(Gain)/Loss]	-	*
e) Experience adjustments on plan assets [Gain/(Loss)]	- 1	-

## viii) The Major categories of Plan Assets as a percentage of the fair value of Total Plan Asset are as follows:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Insurance Managed Fund	100%	100%

- ix) The Bank was incorporated on 23 December 2014 and did not have any employees in the year ended 31 March, 2015, hence figures for the year 2015 are not furnished.
- x) The estimates of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation, takes account of inflation, seniority and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.
- xi) The Bank expects to contribute ₹ 10 crores to gratuity fund in 2016-17 (Previous Year: ₹ 4 crores)
- xii) The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

#### B) Provident Fund

Amount incurred as expense for defined contribution to Provident Fund is ₹ 23.34 Crore (Previous Year: ₹11.48 Crores).

#### 18.10 Segment Reporting

## A) Segment Identification

Pursuant to the guidelines issued by RBI on AS 17 - Segment Reporting - Enhancement of Disclosures dated April 18, 2007, the following business segments have been reported:

#### i) Treasury

Treasury operations include investments in sovereign securities and trading operations. The Treasury segment also includes the central funding unit.

## ii) Retail banking:

Includes lending to individuals/small businesses through the branch network and other delivery channels subject to the orientation, nature of product, granularity of the exposure and low value of individual exposure thereof. It also includes liability products, card services, internet banking, mobile banking, ATM services and NRI services. All deposits sourced by branches are classified in retail category.

## iii) Corporate/Wholesale Banking:

Includes corporate relationships not included under Retail Banking.

## iv) Other Banking Business:

Include para banking activities like third party product distribution and other banking transaction not covered under any of the above three segments.

The Bank does not have any para banking activities for the year ended 31st March, 2017.

Income, expenses, assets and liabilities are either specifically identified with individual segments or are allocated to segments on a systematic basis.

The liabilities of the Bank are first used by the units generating the same. Any excess liabilities of the units are pooled to central funding unit (Treasury). Treasury then lends these funds to other units at appropriate rates.

The transfer pricing mechanism of the Bank is periodically reviewed. The segment results are determined based on the transfer pricing mechanism prevailing for the respective reporting periods.

Revenues of the Treasury segment primarily consist of fees and gains or losses from trading operations and interest income on the investment portfolio. The principal expenses of the segment consist of interest expense on funds borrowed from external sources and other internal segments, premises expenses, personnel costs, other direct overheads and allocated expenses

Revenues of the Corporate/Wholesale Banking segment consist of interest and fees earned on loans given to customers falling under this segment and fees arising from these. Revenues of the Retail Banking segment are derived from interest earned on loans classified under this segment, fees for banking services and ATM interchange fees. Expenses of the Corporate/Wholesale Banking and Retail Banking segments primarily comprise interest expense on deposits and funds borrowed from other internal segments, infrastructure and premises expenses for operating the branch network and other delivery channels, personnel costs, other direct overheads and allocated expenses.

Segment income includes earnings from external customers and from funds transferred to the other segments. Segment result includes revenue as reduced by interest expense and operating expenses and provisions, if any, for that segment. Segment-wise income and expenses include certain allocations. Inter segment interest income and interest expense represent the transfer price received from and paid as per the transfer pricing mechanism presently followed by the Bank.

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

# **B)** Segment Information

## i) Primary (Business Segment)

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Treasury	Retail Banking	Corporate/ Wholesale Banking	Total
Segment Revenue				
Gross interest income (external customers)	507.08	3,360.07	41.56	3,908.71
Gross interest income (external customers)	(187.87)	(1,393.18)	(0.31)	(1,581.36)
Other income	24.29	383.95	3.17	411.41
Other medine	(2.25)	(147.53)	(0.11)	(149.89)
Total income as per profit and Loss Account	531.37	3,744.02	44.73	4,320.12
Total filcome as per profit and Loss Account	(190.12)	(1,540.71)	(0.42)	(1,731.25)
Add: Inter segment interest income	39	187.63	40	187.63
Add. Their segment interest income	(267.45)	3.5		(267.45)
Total segment revenue	531.37	3,931.65	44.73	4,507.75
Total Segment revenue	(457.57)	(1,540.71)	(0.42)	(1,998.70)
Less: Interest expenses	213.45	1,290.10	1.66	1,505.21
Less. Interest expenses	(427.50)	(220.86)	(0.16)	(648.52)
Less: Inter segment interest expenses	151.60	:•:	36.03	187.63
Less: Inter segment interest expenses	=	(267.29)	(0.16)	(267.45)
Laser Operating expenses	61.64	955.31	5.06	1,022.01
Less: Operating expenses	(22.31)	(593.55)	(0.06)	(615.92)
Ou systims Dyefit	104.68	1,686.24	1.98	1,792.90
Operating Profit	(7.76)	(459.01)	(0.04)	(466.81)
Less: Provisions for non performing	1.89	86.54	-	88.43
assets/others	-	(53.30)	-	(53.30)
	102.79	1,599.70	1.98	1,704.47
Segment results	(7.76)	(405.71)	(0.04)	(413.51)
				592.52
Less: provisions for tax				(138.26)
Not mustic				1,111.95
Net profit				(275.25)
Other information				
Other morniacion				
Segment assets	11,478.36	18,008.58	657.69	30,144.63
Segment assets	(6,316.75)	(13,349.77)	(31.18)	(19,697.70)
Unallocated assets				91.46
Onanocated assets				(58.80)
Total assets	11,478.36	18,008.58	657.69	30,236.09
Total assets	(6,316.75)	(13,349.77)	(31.18)	(19,756.50)
Segment liabilities*	5,506.93	24,577.43	95.49	30,179.85
Segment habilities	(6,509.43)	(13,219.79)	(11.39)	(19,740.61)
Unallocated liabilities				56.24
Onanocated habinees				(15.89
Total liabilities	5,506.93	24,577.43	95.49	30,236.09
Total Habilities	(6,509.43)	(13,219.79)	(11.39)	(19,756.50)
Capital Expenditure	-	82.27	-	82.27
Capital Expelluiture	-	(272.88)	-	(272.88)
Depreciation	14	66.85	-	66.85
Depreciation	-	(35.77)	-	(35.77)

## Notes:

The business of the Bank does not extend outside India and it does not have any assets outside India or earnings emanating from outside India. Accordingly, the Bank has reported operations in the domestic segment only.

Previous year figures are shown in"()".

<sup>\*</sup>Treasury segment liabilities includes share capital and reserve & surplus

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

# 18.11 Related Party disclosure

## A) Names of related parties and nature of relationship

Entities	Nature of relationship	
Bandhan Financial Services Limited (BFSI)	Ultimate Parent Company	
Bandhan Financial Holdings Limited	Parent Company	
Key Management Personnel		
Mr. Chandra Shekhar Ghosh	Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer	
Mr. Indranil Banerjee	Company Secretary	
Mr. Sunil Samdani	Chief Financial Officer	

## Relatives of Key Management Personnel

Nilima Ghosh, Angshuman Ghosh, Suchitra Ghosh, Vaskar Ghosh, Dibakar Ghosh, Nidhi Samdani, Sohan Samdani, Manju Somani, Asha Baheria,Usha Kothari, Saswati Banerjee, Arati Banerjee, Ishaan Banerjee, Mousumi Mukherjee.

## **B) Transactions and Balances**

## i) Outstanding as at 31 March 2017

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Ultimate Parent company	Parent Company	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
Denesit	255.90	17.52	0.62	1.72	275.76
Deposit	(291.67)	(21.62)	(0.35)	(0.33)	(313.97)

## ii) Maximum outstanding during the year

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Ultimate Parent company	Parent Company	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
Danasit	808.09	71.63	1.53	2.88	884.13
Deposit	(896.49)	(42.00)	(1.07)	(0.38)	(939.94)

## iii) Transactions during the year ended 31 March 2017

Particulars	Ultimate Parent company	Parent Company	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
Interest aveced distre	20.80	1.70	0.07	0.09	22.66
Interest expenditure	(16.07)	(1.05)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(17.14)
D		-	3.03	0.66	3.69
Remuneration		÷	(2.55)	(0.49)	(3.04)
Acquisition of assets and liabilities from Bandhan Financial Services Limited	-	•	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	\\ <u>``</u>	-
	(1,233.15)				(1,233.15)
Deinehungement of synange	<del>(4</del> ):	+	*		-
Reimbursement of expenses	(37.53)				(37.53)
D. o.t.	3	<u> </u>	2	2	-
Rent	(0.01)				(0.01)
Proceeds from issue of share	363		*	= =	-
capital	<b>2</b> (	(2,068.83)		-	(2,068.83)

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

## 18.12 The major components of Deferred Tax Assets (DTA) arising out of timing differences are as under:

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Deferred Tax Assets		
Depreciation on fixed assets.	6.64	1.61
Provisions for loan losses	53.84	42.62
Expenditure charged to the profit & Loss account in the current year but allowed for tax purposes on payment basis	30.98	14.57
Total Deferred Tax Assets	91.46	58.80

## 18.13 Liability for Operating Leases

The Door step service center premises are generally rented on cancellable terms for less than twelve months with no escalation clause and renewable at the option of the Company . The Head office and the Bank Branches office premises are obtained on non-cancellable lease terms . Lease payment during the year are charged in the statement of profit & loss.

The amount of rent expenses included in the Profit & Loss account towards operating leases aggregate to ₹ 75.73 crore (Previous year: ₹ 44.23 crore).

Particulars of future minimum lease payment in respect of Head office & Bank branches are as mentioned below:

₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
a) Not later than 1 year	155.35	47.03
b) Later than 1 year and not later than 3 years	172.91	121.37

## 18.14 Earnings per Share

The Bank reports basic and diluted earnings per equity share in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 - "Earnings per Share".

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
a) Weighted average number of equity shares used in computing basic and diluted earnings per share	109.51	80.86
b) Net profit	1,111.95	275.25
c) Basic earnings per share (₹)	10.15	3.40
d) Diluted earnings per share (₹)	10.15	3.40
e) Nominal value per share (₹)	10.00	10.00

## 18.15 Small and Micro Industries

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 which came into force from 2 October, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises. There have been no reported cases of delays in payments to micro and small enterprises or of interest payments due to delays in such payments. The above is based on the information available with the Bank which has been relied upon by the auditors.

## 18.16 Description of contingent liabilities

a) Claims against the Bank not acknowledged as debts:
These represent claims filed against the Bank in the normal course of business.

b) Guarantees given on behalf of constituents:

As a part of its banking activities, the Bank issues guarantees on behalf of its customers to enhance their credit standin Guarantees represent irrevocable assurances that the Bank will make payments in the event of the customer failing to fulfill its financial or performance obligations.

c) Other items:

Other items represent outstanding amount of estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account.

## 18.17 Additional Disclosures

#### A) Floating Provisions

The Bank does not have any floating provision as at 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016.

## B) Draw Down from Reserve

There has been no draw down from reserves during the year ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016.

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

## C) Disclosure of customer complaints

# i) Customer Complaints:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
i) No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil
ii) No. of complaints received during the year	200	29
iii) No. of complaints redressed during the year	200	29
iv) No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	Nil	Nil

## ii) Awards passed by the Banking Ombudsman

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
i) No. of unimplemented Awards at the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil
ii) No. of Awards passed by the Banking Ombudsmen during the year	Nil	Nil
iii) No. of Awards implemented during the year	Nil	Nil
iv) No. of unimplemented Awards at the end of the year	Nil	Nil

## iii) ATM related complaints

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
i) No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil
ii) No. of complaints received during the year	7108	Nil
iii) No. of complaints redressed during the year	7108	Nil
iv) No. of complaints pending at the end of the year	Nil	Nil

The above information is as certified by the Management and relied upon by the auditors.

# D) Letter of Comfort (LOC's) issued by the Bank

The Bank has not issued any Letter of Comfort (LOC) during the year ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016.

## E) Provision coverage ratio

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
The provision coverage ratio of the Bank computed in terms of the RBI guidelines	29.09%	45.46%

## F) Bancassurance Business

The Bank has not engaged in bancassurance business during the year ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016.

## G) Concentration of Deposits, Advances Exposures & NPAs

# I) Concentration of Deposits

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
i) Total Deposits of twenty largest depositors	4,859.79	3,617.04
ii) Percentage of Deposits of twenty largest depositors to Total Deposits of the bank	20.92%	29.92%

## II) Concentration of Advances

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
i) Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers	703.95	70.38
ii) Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the Bank	4.17%	0.57%

# III) Concentration of Exposures

111) Concentration of Exposures		(till crore)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
i) Total Exposure to twenty largest borrowers / customers	722.76	70.38
ii) Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to total exposure of the bank on borrowers / customers	4.28%	0.57%

# IV) Concentration of NPAs

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Total Exposure to top four NPA accounts	0.06	0.08

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

#### V) Movement of NPAs

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Gross NPAs - as on 1 April 2016	18.77	
Additions (Fresh NPAs) during the year	103.37	18.77
Sub total (A)	122.14	18.77
Less :-		
(i) Upgradations	0.51	-
(ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries made from upgraded accounts)	4.18	-
(iii) Technical / Prudential Write offs	31.19	:*:
(iv) Write offs other than those under (iii) above	949	-
Sub total (B)	35.88	-
Gross NPAs as on 31 March 2017 (A-B)	86.26	18.77

## VI) Movement of Technical/Prudential written off accounts

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
Opening balance of Technical/Prudential written off accounts	-	*
Add: Prudential/Technical write offs during the year	31.19	-
Sub Total (A)	31.19	
Less: Recoveries made from previously technical/prudential written off accounts during the year (B)	95	ā
Closing Balance (A-B)	31.19	

## VII) Overseas Assets, NPAs and Revenue

The Bank does not have any overseas assets as on 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016.

## VIII) Off-balance Sheet SPVs sponsored

The Bank has not sponsored any special purposes vehicle which is required to be consolidated as per accounting norms.

# 18.18 Disclosure of Provision for Frauds

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
No. of Frauds reported during the year to Reserve Bank of India	47	3
Amount involved in such Frauds	1.38	(#)
Provision made during the year	1.38	
Unamortized provision debited from other reserve		

## 18.19 Disclosures on Remuneration

## **Qualitative Disclosures**

# a) Information relating to the composition and mandate of the Remuneration Committee.

The Bank's Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) oversees the framing, review and implementation of the Compensation Policy on behalf of the Board of Directors. The NRC reviews the policy at least once a year to ensure that the reward design is aligned to industry best practices and is consistent with effective risk management and long term business interests of the Bank. The NRC works in close coordination with the Risk Management Committee of the Bank, to achieve the effective alignment between remuneration and risks.

As on 31 March, 2017, the NRC comprises of the following directors.

Shri Bhaskar Sen - Chairman

Shri B. Sambamurthy

Shri Snehomoy Bhattacharya

Shri Ranodeb Roy (with effect from 19th September, 2016)

Shri Chandra Shekhar Ghosh

The NRC functions with the following main objectives:

(i) To identify persons who are qualified to become directors in accordance with the criteria laid down, recommend to the Board their appointment, re-appointment or removal and to carry out evaluation of every Director's performance;

# Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

- (ii) To formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director and decide their 'fit & proper' status;
- (iii) To oversee the framing, review and implementation of compensation policy of the Bank and recommend to the Board the overall remuneration philosophy and policy including the level and structure of fixed pay, variable pay, perquisites, bonus pool, stock based remuneration to employees;
- (iv) To oversee the framing, implementation and review of the Remuneration of the WTDs/MD/CEOs as per the RBI Guidelines and Companies Act, 2013. The Committee shall recommend to the Board the remuneration package for the Managing Director & CEO and the other Whole Time Directors including the level of fixed pay, variable pay, stock based Remuneration and perquisites;
- (v) To review the HR strategy and policy including the conduct and ethics of the Bank and review any fundamental changes in the organization structure which could have wide ranging and high risk implications;
- (vi) To review and recommend to the Board, the succession policy at the level of Managing Director & CEO, other WTDs, senior management one level below the Board and key roles.

# b) Information relating to the design and structure of remuneration processes and the key features and objectives of remuneration policy

## **Objectives of the Remuneration Policy**

The Compensation Policy reflects the Bank's objectives for good corporate governance as well as sustained and long-term value creation for stakeholders. The aims of the Bank's remuneration framework are to:

- i) Attract, motivate and retain people with requisite skill, experience and ability to deliver the Bank's strategy;
- ii) Create an alignment and balance between the rewards and risk exposure of shareholders and interests of employees;
- iii) Link rewards to creation of long term sustainable shareholder value consistent with strategic goals and appropriate risk management; and
- iv) Encourage behavior consistent with the Bank's values and principles.

To achieve the above objectives, the philosophy adopted by the Bank is as follows:

- i) Market referenced: offer employees competitive salary, achieved through benchmarking with peer groups.
- ii) Making fixed salary the main remuneration component.
- iii) Ensure that jobs of similar internal value are grouped and pegged within a range guided by market benchmarked jobs.
- iv) Risk factoring: A significant portion of the senior and top management compensation will be variable, of which, for some key roles, part of the variable compensation may be deferred.
- v) Focus on 'Total rewards', all aspects of compensation, rewards and well defined benefits, including rewarding work environment and personal development.
- vi) The focus will be to ensure that the Bank is competitive in its overall salary offer to its employees without being excessively expensive for the Bank.

The compensation structure for the MD & CEO also mirrors the Bank's philosophy of aligning with the principles of sound compensation practices to ensure:

- i) Effective and independent governance of compensation.
- ii) Effective alignment of compensation with prudent risk taking.
- iii) Effective supervisory oversight and engagement by stakeholders.

## **Design & Structure of Remuneration process**

The total compensation is a prudent mix of fixed remuneration and performance-based variable remuneration

The key remuneration elements are:

## 1) Fixed Pay

## 2) Discretionary Performance-based Variable Remuneration

The Bank ensures that the fixed pay element is reasonable, taking into account the market rates and trends. The fixed pay is reviewed annually using market intelligence provided by a leading global performance/reward consulting and benchmarking firm for financial services industry to ensure that the Bank remains competitive in marketplace and that the Bank is able to attract and retain best talent. The level of fixed pay shall be sufficient enough in order to discourage inappropriate risk-taking.

Performance-based variable remuneration may comprise cash bonus, stock linked instruments, and is awarded by ensuring:

- i) an appropriate balance between fixed and performance-based components;
- ii) that the fixed component represents a higher proportion of the total remuneration;
- iii) that the performance-based component reflects the risk underlying the achieved result;
- iv) that a part of the performance-based component may be deferred;
- v) that no hedging of deferred shares takes place;

Presently, the bank utilises only one form of performance - based variable remuneration, viz.,cash bonus. Stock linked instruments and ESOPs, as and when implemented, shall be formulated in accordance with relevant statutory provisions and regulatory guidelines.

The compensation policy of the Bank is reviewed by the NRC and approved by the Board of Directors. The NRC oversees the implementation of the policy and reviews the fixed pay increases, the organizational performance threshold for bonus to be paid, cash bonus and deferred variable remuneration.

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

# c) Description of the ways in which current and future risks are taken into account in the remuneration process

The MD & CEO, employees in the grades of SVPs and above and employees engaged in the functions of Risk Control and Compliance are included in the policy of risk alignment of compensation.

The alignment of compensation to prudent risk taking is ensured through the following:

- i) Structure of remuneration is such that a significant part of performance based variable remuneration is deferred.
- ii) Performance hurdles includes financial and non-financial parameters, ensuring compensation is aligned to both.
- iii) Fixed Salary is reasonable and sufficient, thereby discouraging inappropriate risk taking.
- iv) Annual Bonus Plan is managed with and independent governance framework.
- v) Variable remuneration awards are conditional, discretionary and contingent upon a sustainable and risk-adjusted performance. They are therefore capable of forfeiture or reduction at the Bank's discretion.
- vi) For employees included in the policy of risk alignment of compensation, NRC has the discretion to apply malus and clawback ex-post risk adjustment, allowing the Bank to adjust previously awarded remuneration to take account of subsequent performance and potential risk outcomes and thus enabling to recoup variable pay in the event of a negative contribution.

## **Deferral of Variable Pay**

To ensure that risk measures are not focused only on the achievement of short term goals, variable payout is deferred, if it exceeds 50% of the fixed pay.

The Bank's compensation policy aims to ensure that both ex-ante estimates and ex-post outcomes of risk affect payoffs; so that one or the other, can better address the various situations or risks.

# d) Description of ways in which the Bank seeks to link performance, during a performance measurement period with levels of remuneration.

The Bank has a performance measurement framework in place to assess the achievements of the organization as a whole, its business lines and organizational units as well as individual employees. In order to maximise the incentive to deliver adequate performance and to take into account any risks of the business activities, the Bank seeks to closely link remuneration outcomes with performance and risk outcomes. Accordingly, the Bank's performance management and compensation philosophy is designed in a manner to help achieve the Bank's business objectives.

The performance management system in the Bank is aligned to the balanced scorecard approach. The goal setting process helps individuals to have clarity on their roles and align their profiles in line with the broad organization strategy. Both quantitative / financial and qualitative / non-financial performance measures are considered. The qualitative or non-financial measures include customer service, adherence to risk and compliance standards, behavior and values such as accountability, team work, etc., which builds a culture conducive to sustainable business performance.

The performance appraisal process starts with the employee conducting self-appraisal followed by the assessment of the supervisor via appraisal feedback and discussion. For all employees of the Bank, half-yearly appraisal is followed by the annual appraisal. The mid-year feedback process includes feedback on performance and on competencies with an objective of a mid-course review, to help plan and prioritize corrective actions for employees to remain aligned to achievement of their business goals and self-development. The performance appraisal ratings is reviewed/ calibrated by a committee comprising senior leaders.

Individual fixed pay increases and variable remuneration are based on the final performance ratings. In addition, the fixed pay increase is also influenced by an employee's position in the salary range and relevant market salaries. Performance related variable compensation is linked to corporate performance, business performance and individual performance. The performance ratings based bonus distribution matrix is reviewed by the NRC.

Employees engaged in all control functions including Compliance and Risk do not carry business profit targets in their goal sheets and hence are compensated based on their achievement of key result areas as per the balance score card. The aim is to ensure that the remuneration system and outcomes relating to such control functions maintain the independence of the function and Bank's robust risk management framework.

In the case of performance evaluation of the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Bank, factors such as financial performance measures, cost management initiatives, other strategic initiatives, prudential risk and compliance management, recognition and awards to the Bank, etc., is taken into account, which may vary from year to year depending on the Bank's strategic priorities. Based on the inputs from NRC, the Board reviews the performance and recommends the rate of bonus to be paid, and the increments for the MD & CEO, for regulatory approval in terms of Section 35B of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 (B.R. Act, 1949).

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

e) Bank's policy on deferral and vesting of variable remuneration and bank's policy and criteria for adjusting deferred remuneration before vesting and after vesting.

In terms of RBI guidelines, the Compensation Policy specifically addresses the following categories of employees:

Category I  $\,:\,$  MD&CEO / Whole Time Directors

Category II: Risk Control and Compliance Staff

Category III: Other Categories of Staff

The following principles are applied for grant and deferral of performance-based variable remuneration for the above categories of employees.

#### Category I

- i) Variable Remuneration will not exceed 70% of annual Fixed Pay.
- ii) If the Variable Remuneration exceeds 50% of annual Fixed Pay, 40% of the Variable Remuneration will be deferred over a period of 3 years, on a proportionate basis.
- iii) In case the variable remuneration is a mix of cash and stock linked instruments (other than ESOP), a proper balance between cash and share / stock linked instruments will be ensured.
- iv) In the event of negative contributions of the Bank, the unvested deferred variable remuneration of the reference year will be held back (malus). In such cases, the vested / paid variable remuneration will also be subject to suitable claw back arrangements.

#### Category II

- i) The mix of Fixed Pay and Variable remuneration will be weighed towards Fixed Pay.
- ii) The parameters of assessment will be independent of the performance of the business areas they oversee.
- iii) The compensation will be commensurate to their key role in the Bank.

#### Category III

- i) Variable Remuneration will be as per the NRC approved pay-out levels in terms of grade and role matrix.
- ii) In case the variable remuneration is a mix of cash and stock linked instruments (other than ESOP), a proper balance between cash and share / stock linked instruments will be ensured.
- iii) If the Variable Remuneration exceeds 50% of annual Fixed Pay, 40% of the Variable Remuneration will be deferred over a period of 3 years, on a proportionate basis.
- iv) In the event of negative contributions of the relevant line of business, the unvested deferred variable remuneration of the reference year will be held back (malus). In such cases, the vested / paid variable remuneration will also be subject to suitable claw back arrangements.

Negative contribution of the Bank and / or relevant line of business is defined as:

- i) If there is reasonable evidence of employee malfeasance and breach of integrity; or
- ii) If the performance, decisions or actions taken leads to the Bank or the relevant business unit suffering a significant material downturn in its financial performance.
- f) Description of the different forms of variable remuneration (i.e. cash, shares, ESOPs and other forms) that the bank utilizes and the rationale for using these different forms.

The Bank presently utilizes only one form of variable remuneration, viz., cash bonus, which is linked to corporate performance, business performance and individual performance ensuring differential pay based on the performance. Stock linked instruments and ESOPs, as and when implemented, shall be formulated in accordance with relevant statutory provisions and regulatory guidelines.

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

#### **Ouantitative disclosures:**

The quantitative disclosures pertaining to the MD & CEO, employees in the grades of SVPs and above, for the year ended 31 March 2017 are given below:

Pa	rticulars	As at 31 March 2017	As at 31 March 2016
a)	i) Number of meetings held by the Remuneration Committee during the financial year.	6	8
	ii) Remuneration paid to its members (sitting fees)	₹ 4,65,000	₹ 2,55,000
b)	Number of employees having received a variable remuneration award during the financial year.	10	N.A
c)	Number and total amount of sign on awards made during the financial year.	Nil	N.A
d)	Details of guaranteed bonus, if any, paid as joining / sign on bonus.	Nil	N.A
e)	Details of severance pay, in addition to accrued benefits, if any.	Nil	N.A
f)	Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration, split into cash, shares and share linked instruments and other forms.	₹ 0.26 Crore	N.A
g)	Total amount of deferred remuneration paid out in the financial year.	₹ 0.26 Crore	N.A
'	Breakdown of amount of remuneration awards for the financial year to show fixed d variable, deferred and non deferred.	Fixed - ₹ 8.93 Crore Variable - ₹ 1.33 Crore, Non- deferred - ₹ 1.07 Crore, Deferred- ₹ 0.26 Crore	Fixed -₹ 4.14 Crore Variable - Nil Deferred - Nil Non-Deferred - Nil
i)	Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration and retained remuneration exposed to ex-post explicit and / or implicit adjustments.	Nil	N.A.
j)	Total amount of reductions during the financial year due to ex post explicit adjustments.	Nil	N.A.
k)	Total amount of reductions during the financial year due to ex post implicit adjustments.	Nil	N.A.

#### 18.20 Disclosure relating to Securitisation

There are no securitisation transactions undertaken by the Bank during the year ended 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016.

### 18.21. Credit default swaps

The Bank has not transacted in credit default swaps during the year ended 31 March 2017and 31 March 2016.

## 18.22 Intra Group Exposures

The Bank did not have any intra group exposure as at 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016,

# 18.23 Transfer to Depositor education and awareness fund (DEAF)

During the current and previous year, the Bank was not required to transfer any amount to Depositor Education and Awareness Fund.  $^{\prime\prime}$ 

## 18.24 Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure

The borrower of the Bank does not have any Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure as at 31 March 2017 and 31 March 2016.

The above information is as certified by the Management and relied upon by the auditors.

## 18.25 Disclosure on Liquidity Coverage Ratio

## (a) Qualitative disclosure

The Bank has adopted the Basel III framework on liquidity standards as prescribed by RBI and has put in place requisite systems and processes to enable periodical computation and reporting of the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR). The Risk department computes the LCR and reports the same to the Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) every month for review.

The Bank follows the criteria laid down by RBI for month-end calculation of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA),gross outflows and inflows within the next 30-day period. HQLA predominantly comprises Government securities in excess of minimum SLR requirement viz. Treasury Bills, Central and State Government securities and excess of minimum cash reserve ratio (CRR).

The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for management of liquidity risk. The Board at overall level decides the strategy, policies and procedures of the bank to manage liquidity risk in accordance with the liquidity risk tolerance/limits. The Board has constituted Risk Management Committee, which reports to the Board, and consisting of Managing Director and certain other Board members. The Committee is responsible for evaluating the overall risks faced by the bank including liquidity risk.

All significant outflows and inflows determined in accordance with RBI guidelines are included in the prescribed LCR computation template.

855.22 177.78% 464.57 0.13 1,520.38 1,072.07 ,072.07 1,884.01 1,884.01 3,420.78 3,285.94 3,285.94 1,520.38 (₹ in crore) Weighted average) Average for the quarter Total Note: The above data represents simple average of monthly observations for the respective quarters till December, 2016. The average for the quarter ended 31st March 2017 is 31 March 2017 10,720.66 10,720.66 3,823,68 3,823.68 4.44 4,418.60 15,013.35 Unweighted 464.57 4,418.60 (average) Value Total 1239.34 150.37% 887.63 0.11 2,427.42 1,863.59 887.63 1,985.53 1,985.53 793.48 3,666.75 2,427.42 1,863.59 Weighted average) Average for the quarter Value Total 31 December 2016 2.18 3,576.16 3,576.16 793.48 13,248.13 8,876.31 3,460.61 Unweighted 3,876.31 3,460.61 (average) Total Value 206.21% 807.81 507.17 1,452.08 0.04 507.17 1,069.84 1,069.84 2,221.32 1,665.82 3,029.13 2,221.32 1,665.82 Weighted average) Average for the quarter Value Total 30 September 2016 0.46 5,071.70 1,452.08 Unweighted 5,071.70 2,360.11 2,360.11 8,884.35 3,073.21 3,073.21 (average) Total Value 1095.26 279.71% 910.32 3,482.68 398.22 0.02 3,063.52 398.22 3,072.47 3,072.47 3,482.68 3,063.52 4,381.03 Weighted (average) Average for the quarter Value Total 30 June 2016 3,982.23 3,982.23 4,829.23 4,829.23 910.32 0.31 9,722.09 4,254.09 Unweighted 4,254.09 (average) Total Value (b) Quantitative Disclosure as on 31st March 2017 b) Outflows related to loss of funding on debt prod 2) Retail Deposits and deposits from small business b) Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) a) Outflows related to derivative exposures and a) Operational deposits (all counterparties) 10) Inflows from fully performing exposures 1) Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) 3) Unsecured wholesale funding, of which: 6) Other contractual funding obligations 7) Other contingent funding obligations Secured lending (eg. Reverse repos) 5) Additional requirements, of which: 15) Liquidity Coverage Ratio(%) c) Credit and liquidity facilities 14) Total Net Cash outflow High Quality Liquid Assets 4) Secured wholesale funding other collateral requirements b) Less stable deposits 8) Total Cash outflows 12) Total Cash Inflows a) Stable deposits 11) Other cash inflows c) Unsecured debt customers, of which: 13) Total HQLA Cash Outflows **Particulars** Cash Inflows

Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017

**BANDHAN BANK LIMITED** 

computed on day-wise outstanding balance

165.81% 159.72 362.64 1,133.38 1,133.38 787.94 452.93 520.26 (₹ in crore) 159.72 2,081.04 1,712.72 2,165.65 862.64 Weighted Average for the quarter (average) Value 31 March 2016 ended 1,190.19 1,190.19 0.10 1,597.22 787.94 1,712.72 905.85 Unweighted 1,597.22 3,575.45 2,618.57 (average) Total Value 217.00% 60.58 60.58 945.27 424.83 424.83 787.16 348.55 318.14 690.37 1,293.82 1,272.57 690.37 Weighted average) Average for the quarter Value Total 31 December 2015 ended 697.09 945.27 505.80 605.80 452.09 452.09 787.16 1,845.05 1,642.36 Unweighted (average) Value Total Schedule 18 -Notes to accounts forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 233.42% 31.42 95.99 95.99 380.17 31.42 524.06 2,052.59 282.94 2,335.53 162.87 651.47 380.17 Weighted average) Average for the quarter Value 30 September 2015 ended 314.22 103,30 524.06 314.22 2,052.59 565.89 2,618.48 103.30 941.58 Unweighted (average) Total Value Weighted (average) Average for the quarter Value Total 30 June 2015 ended Unweighted (average) Value Total (c) Quantitative Disclosure as on 31st March 2016 b) Outflows related to loss of funding on debt proc 2) Retail Deposits and deposits from small business a) Outflows related to derivative exposures and b) Non-operational deposits (all counterparties) a) Operational deposits (all counterparties) 10) Inflows from fully performing exposures 1) Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) 3) Unsecured wholesale funding, of which: 6) Other contractual funding obligations 7) Other contingent funding obligations Secured lending (eg. Reverse repos) 5) Additional requirements, of which: 15) Liquidity Coverage Ratio(%) c) Credit and liquidity facilities 4) Secured wholesale funding 14) Total Net Cash outflow High Quality Liquid Assets **BANDHAN BANK LIMITED** b) Less stable deposits 8) Total Cash outflows 12) Total Cash Inflows customers, of which: a) Stable deposits 11) Other cash inflows c) Unsecured debt other collateral 13) Total HQLA Cash Outflows Cash Inflows **Particulars** 

Note: The above data represents simple average of monthly observations for the respective quarters.

	າ 2017	
N BANK LIMITED	es forming part of the Balance sheet as at 31 March 20	
BANDH/	Notes fo	

18.26 Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities

(₹ in crore)

Particulars	Day 1	2 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 to 28 days	29 days to 3 months	Over 3 month & up to 6 months	Over 6 month & up to 1 year	Over 1 Year & up to 3 years	Over 3 Years & up to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Liabilities											
	1	53.29	37	17.78	105.89	246.22	283.23	162.53	160.00	OK.	1,028.94
Borrowings	*		(60.6)	(31.58)	(374.25)	(563.82)	(770.26)	(1,042.65)	(100.00)	(160.00)	(3,051.65)
:	71.02	691.24	472.13	152.91	2,981.91	1,200.21	5,610.10	11,756.35	179.99	112.80	23,228.66
Deposits	(25.50)	(141.99)	(206.28)	(61.61)	(660.45)	(952.49)	(5,004.44)	(4,980.64)	(32.55)	(22.80)	(12,088.75)
Foreign	*	10	*	*	×	*	*	ij.	r	#7	ì
Currency Liabilities	110	3 <b>1</b> 6	iki	1	T	<b>a</b>	•	3	3	į	1
-	71.02	744.53	472.13	170.69	3,087.80	1,446.43	5,893.33	11,918.88	339.99	112.80	24,257.60
lotal	(25.50)	(141.99)	(215.37)	(93.19)	(1,034.70)	(1,516.31)	(5,774.70)	(6,023.29)	(132.55)	(182.80)	(15,140.40)
Assets											
	50.51	350.02	352.02	666.76	2,878.00	3,624.47	4,701.94	4,160.74	3.97	50.65	16,839.08
Advances	(67.21)	(265.21)	(324.63)	(298.10)	(2,781.42)	(1,697.89)	(4,814.41)	(2,183.25)	(0.49)	(4.94)	(12,437.55)
		Ř		ŗ	98.63	306.93	423.68	158.90	Ľ	4,528.35	5,516.49
Investment	(1,105.08)	(24.46)	(35.53)	(72.59)	(172.69)	(250.83)	(1,004.94)	(1,005.05)	(55.20)	(31.66)	(3,758.03)
Foreign	ē	¥.	10	0)	•//	Ų	ŭ,	æ	(a)	33	ji
Currency Assets	ā		(in	¥	1	ì	Ĭ	r		ŗ	ř.
-	50.51	350.02	352.02	92.999	2,976.63	3,931.40	5,125.62	4,319.64	3.97	4,579.00	22,355.57
lotal	(1,172.29)	(289.67)	(360.16)	(370.69)	(2,954.11)	(1,948.72)	(5,819.35)	(3,188.30)	(52.69)	(36.60)	(16,195.58)

Classification of assets and liabilities under the different maturity buckets is based on the same estimates and assumptions as used by the Bank for compiling the return submitted to the RBI, which has been relied upon by the auditors.

Previous year figures are shown in"()".

Notes forming part of the Balance sheet as at 31 March 2017

## 18.27 Sector-wise advances

(₹ in crore)

		As a	t 31 March 20	17	As at 31 March 2016		
Sr. No.	Sector*	Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to Total Advances in that sector	Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to Total Advances in that sector
Α	Priority Sector						
1	Agriculture and allied activities	7,731.44	29.64	0.38%	6,426.79	13.67	0.21%
2	Advances to industries sector eligible as priority sector lending	1,461.23	27.18	1.86%	1,027.86	1.63	0.16%
3	Services	6,851.00	25.49	0.37%	4,788.62	3.19	0.07%
4	Personal loans	412.97	3.58	0.87%	25.54	0.07	0.26%
	Sub Total (A)	16,456.64	85.89	0.52%	12,268.81	18.56	0.15%
В	Non Priority Sector						
1	Agriculture and allied activities	<b>⇒</b> 11	#:		=0	*	
2	Industry sector	80	28	35	64.70	0.01	0.01%
3	Services	43.99	π.		89.78	0.11	0.12%
4	Personal loans	363.54	0.37	0.10%	22.79	0.09	0.39%
	Sub Total (B)	407.53	0.37	0.09%	177.27	0.21	0.12%
	Total (A+B)	16,864.17	86.26	0.51%	12,446.08	18.77	0.15%

<sup>\*</sup>The classification of advances into sector is based on sector wise industry bank credit return submitted to RBI.

# 18.28 Details of Inter-Bank Participation Certificate (IBPC) transactions

During the year, the Bank has sold its advances through IBPCs. The details are as follows:

(₹ in crore)

SI No.	Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2017	Year ended 31 March 2016
i)	Aggregate value of IBPCs entered	9,200.00	3,200.00
ii)	Aggregate consideration received	9,200.00	3,200.00
iii)	Aggregate gain recorded	263.32	38.60
	IBPCs outstanding [including principal amount of ₹ 923.90 crore (Previous Year: ₹ 639.86 crore) collected against the pool sold and not yet due for payment and included under other liabilities]	7,600.00	3,200.00

# 18.29 Corporate Social Responsibility

- a) Gross amount to be spent by the Company during the year is ₹ 13.86 crore (Previous Year: ₹ 4.07 crore)
- b) The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the amount spent by the Bank on CSR related activities;

(₹ in crore)

SI No.	Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2017			Year ended 31 March 2016		
		In Cash	Yet to be paid in Cash	Total	In Cash	Yet to be paid in Cash	Total
l '	Construction/ acquisition of any assets	걸	*	~	Sec. 1	¥:	(A)
ii)	On purpose other than (i) above	4.21	=	4.21	0.05	=	0.05

18.30 The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Third Schedule (Form A & Form B) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The amendment to schedule 111 of the Companies Act, 2013 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, vide notifications dated March 30, 2017, which requires every Company to disclose the detail of Specified Bank Notes (SBN), is not applicable for the Bank. Accordingly, such details have not been furnished.

Notes forming part of the Balance sheet as at 31 March 2017

18.31 Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified, wherever necessary, to conform to current year's classification.

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

For Bandhan Bank Limited

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number :- 101049W/E300004

Sd/-

Per Amit Kabra

Partner

Membership Number: 94533

Sd/-

Dr. A. K. Lahiri

Chairman

Sd/-

Chandra Shekhar Ghosh

Managing Director & CEO

Sd/-

C.M. Dixit

Director

Sd/-

Place : Kolkata

**Indranil Banerjee** 

Sd/-

**Sunil Samdani** Chief Financial Officer

Place : Gurgaon Date: 26 April 2017

Date: 26 April 2017 Company Secretary